

AP Physics 2 Algebra Based : Unit - 6 - Geometric and Physical Optics Practice Test

Question 1

Which one of the following statements concerning electromagnetic waves is false?

- A. The existence of electromagnetic waves was predicted by Maxwell.
- B. Electromagnetic waves can propagate through a material substance.
- C. Electromagnetic waves are longitudinal waves.
- D. Electromagnetic waves transfer energy through space.

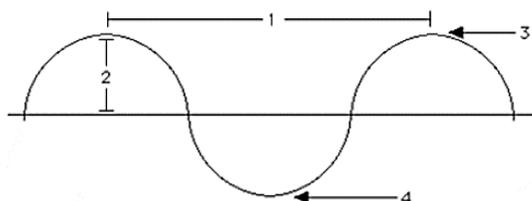
Question 2

What is the general term for determining the position of an object by reflecting sound off?

- A. Echolocation
- B. Beats
- C. Resonance
- D. Reverberation

Question 3

Which is the wavelength?



- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4

Question 4

Wave interference is _____ when the amplitudes of the waves add together to make a larger wave overall, while it is _____ when the amplitudes of the waves work against one another to make a smaller wave overall.

- A. Constructive... Destructive
- B. Refractive... Constructive
- C. Diffusive... Destructive
- D. Destructive... Constructive

Question 5

Waves moves _____ through vibrations.

- A. Mass
- B. Weight
- C. Matter
- D. Energy

Question 6

A motorcycle is receding at $15 \frac{m}{s}$. Normally, the exhaust note has frequency 105Hz.

Determine the perceived frequency if the speed of sound is $340.9 \frac{m}{s}$.

- A. $f_{observed} = 95.5 \text{ Hz}$
- B. $f_{observed} = 100.6 \text{ Hz}$
- C. $f_{observed} = 120 \text{ Hz}$
- D. $f_{observed} = 93.1 \text{ Hz}$

Question 7

Which of the following is not an example of observed periodic motion?

- A. A playground swing
- B. Ocean waves
- C. A car driving down a straight road
- D. The rotation of a wheel

Question 8

A 4.00-cm tall light bulb is placed a distance of 45.7 cm from a concave mirror having a focal length of 15.2 cm. Determine the image distance.

- A. $d_i = 2.35 \text{ cm}$
- B. $d_i = 1.99 \text{ cm}$
- C. $d_i = 3.12 \text{ cm}$
- D. $d_i = 0.895 \text{ cm}$

Question 9

Determine the focal length of a convex mirror that produces an image that is 16.0 cm behind the mirror when the object is 28.5 cm from the mirror.

- A. $f = -42.4 \text{ cm}$
- B. $f = -38.7 \text{ cm}$
- C. $f = -41.5 \text{ cm}$
- D. $f = -36.6 \text{ cm}$

Question 10

When the frequency of a wave increases, what happens to the wavelength?

- A. The wavelength increases
- B. The wavelength decreases
- C. The wavelength is not directly affected by the frequency of a wave
- D. None of the above

Question 11

Determine the frequency of light of wavelength 461 nm.

- A. $6.51 \times 10^{15} \text{ Hz}$
- B. $4.17 \times 10^{15} \text{ Hz}$
- C. $3.25 \times 10^{15} \text{ Hz}$
- D. $1.18 \times 10^{15} \text{ Hz}$

Question 12

The EM wave with frequency higher than infrared and lower than UV.

- A. X-ray
- B. Radio
- C. Gamma
- D. Visible light

Question 13

A 4.0-cm tall wood is placed a distance of 8.3 cm from a concave mirror having a focal length of 15.2 cm. Determine the image size.

- A. $h_i = 4.1 \text{ cm}$
- B. $h_i = 7.8 \text{ cm}$
- C. $h_i = 8.8 \text{ cm}$
- D. $h_i = 6.3 \text{ cm}$

Question 14

Through which medium will sound waves travel the fastest?

- A. Air
- B. Iron metal
- C. Water
- D. The vacuum of outer space

Question 15

A 4.0-cm tall candle is placed a distance of 35.5 cm from a convex mirror having a focal length of -12.2 cm. Determine the image distance.

- A. $d_i = -7.58 \text{ cm}$
- B. $d_i = -6.89 \text{ cm}$
- C. $d_i = -11.042 \text{ cm}$
- D. $d_i = -9.08 \text{ cm}$

Question 16

A light ray is passing through water ($n=1.33$) towards the boundary with a transparent solid at an angle of 56.4° . The light refracts into the solid at an angle of refraction of 42.1° . Determine the index of refraction of the unknown solid.

- A. 1.65
- B. 1.24
- C. 1.13
- D. 1.05

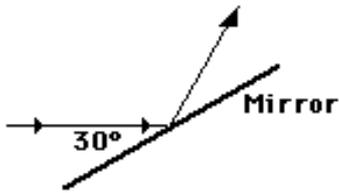
Question 17

How are EM waves different from Mechanical waves?

- A. EM waves need a medium
- B. Mechanical waves transfer matter
- C. Mechanical wave needs a medium
- D. EM waves can travel through empty space only

Question 18

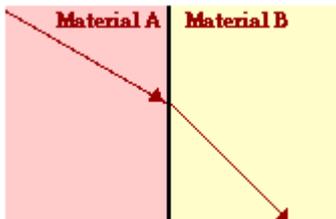
A ray of light is incident towards a plane mirror at an angle of 30-degrees with the mirror surface. What will be the angle of reflection?



- A. 15°
- B. 60°
- C. 50°
- D. 30°

Question 19

A light ray is traveling through crown glass ($n = 1.52$) and approaching the boundary with water ($n = 1.33$) as shown in the diagram at the right. Calculate the angle of refraction of the light ray as it enters into the water.



- A. 45°
- B. 15°
- C. 60°
- D. 90°

Answer Key

1. C
2. A
3. A
4. A
5. D
6. B
7. C
8. B
9. D
10. B
11. A
12. D
13. C
14. B
15. D
16. A
17. C
18. B
19. C