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## Properties and Types of Triangles - II

1. A triangle whose two sides are equal is called $a(n)$
$\qquad$ triangle.
2. A triangle whose all three sides are equal and each angle is $60^{\circ}$ is called $\mathrm{a}(\mathrm{n})$ $\qquad$ triangle.
3. Two angles of a triangle measure $45^{\circ}$ each. The length of the side opposite to the third angle is 8 cm . a. Find the length of the other two sides if the perimeter of the triangle is 20 cm .
b. What type of triangle is it?
4. Classify each triangle as acute, right or obtuse.
a.

b.

c.


## Solution:

## Solution:

## Solution:

a.
b.

## Solution:

a.
b.
c.
5. True or False
a. A right triangle cannot be isosceles.
b. An obtuse triangle cannot be equilateral.
c. All equilateral triangles are isosceles.

Solution: a.
b.
c.
6. The two triangles below are similar. The angles of the inner triangle are $90^{\circ}, 60^{\circ}$ and $30^{\circ}$. Find all three angles of the outer triangle.


## Solution:

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Properties and Types of Triangles - II

1. Isosceles
2. Equilateral
3. 

a. 6 cm
b. Isosceles right triangle
4.
a. Acute
b. Right
c. Obtuse
5.
a. False
b. True
c. True
6. $90^{0}, 60^{\circ}, 30^{0}$

