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Properties and Types of Triangles – II

1. A triangle whose two sides are equal is called a(n) _____triangle.

Solution:

2. A triangle whose all three sides are equal and each angle is 60° is called a(n) _____ triangle.

Solution:

3. Two angles of a triangle measure 45° each. The length of the side opposite to the third angle is 8 cm.

Solution:

a. Find the length of the other two sides if the perimeter of the triangle is 20 cm.

a.

b. What type of triangle is it?

b.

4. Classify each triangle as acute, right or obtuse.







Solution:

a.

h.

c.

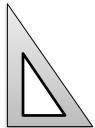
- 5. True or False
 - a. A right triangle cannot be isosceles.
 - b. An obtuse triangle cannot be equilateral.
 - c. All equilateral triangles are isosceles.

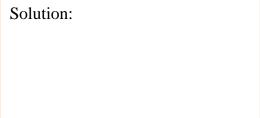
Solution: a.

b.

c.

6. The two triangles below are similar. The angles of the inner triangle are 90° , 60° and 30° . Find all three angles of the outer triangle.





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Properties and Types of Triangles – II

Answer Key

- 1. Isosceles
- 2. Equilateral
- 3.
- a. 6 cm
- b. Isosceles right triangle
- 4.
- a. Acute
- b. Right
- c. Obtuse
- 5.
- a. False
- b. True
- c. True
- 6. 90° , 60° , 30°